



# GLOSSARY

## Lesson 1 – Climate of Revolution

<b>Boycott</b>	An act of protest in which a person/group refuse to use, buy from or deal with an organisation or person.
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## Lesson 2 – The Emergence of NICRA

<b>Unionist</b>	Those who wish to keep Northern Ireland part of the United Kingdom (usually of Protestant religion).
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<b>Nationalist</b>	Those who wish to have a united Ireland achieved by non-violent means (usually of Catholic religion).
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<b>Republican</b>	Those who are opposed to British rule in Northern Ireland and wish to have a united Ireland.
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<b>Civil Rights</b>	These ensure a citizen's ability to fully participate in the civil and political life of a country without discrimination.
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<b>Royal Ulster Constabulary</b>	The name of the police force in Northern Ireland from 1922 to 2000. It became the Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI) in 2001.
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<b>Loyalist</b>	An Ulster Loyalist is commonly a Unionist who is opposed to Irish Republicanism and Nationalism. Loyalists strongly favour a political union between Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
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## Lesson 3 – NICRA's Formation and Demands

<b>Social Activists</b>	Those who take part in actions such as demonstrations or strikes to bring about social change.
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<b>Gerrymandering</b>	The process of dividing an area into electoral districts in order to give a political party a majority.
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<b>Disbandment</b>	The process of breaking up an organisation.
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<b>Sectarian</b>	Discrimination or hatred arising from a narrow minded view of another group/religion.
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